



CAMPUS SAFETY AND SECURITY REPORT

2016 REPORT

ANNUAL CAMPUS SAFETY AND SECURITY REPORT 2016

The following report is prepared in accordance with the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act of 1990.

Whittier Law School students, staff, and faculty each play a significant role in combating campus crime. Any person observing any action which he or she feels to be unlawful or detrimental to the community's welfare should immediately bring it to the attention of the Campus Safety Officer, Law School Administration, and/or the Director of Facility Management.

Campus Safety Officer may be contacted from the Law Library Foyer wall mounted "red phone" in Building #4 or by cell phone 714-308-4423. The Director of Facilities Management at the law school is available weekdays from 9:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. at 714-444-4141, extension 422, or after hours at 714-308-4413.

HOW TO REPORT A CRIME ON CAMPUS

Immediately contact the Security Officer at **Cell 714-308-4423**.

You may also go to the security desk in the Library Foyer of Building #4. Pick up the "**Red Phone**" located on the wall, the phone will dial automatically. Wait for the Officer to answer the phone and; Provide your name, telephone number and location; Give clear and accurate information; Be prepared to supply suspect and vehicle description, and direction of travel. **DO NOT HANG UP!** Follow the instructions of the Officer.

If you observe any crime or incident, do not leave campus before reporting it.

Alternatively, you may call the Costa Mesa Police Department at 714-754-5280.

FOR CRIMES IN PROGRESS OR OTHER EMERGENCIES DIAL "9-1-1"; Provide your name, telephone number and location; Give clear and accurate information; Be prepared to supply suspect and vehicle description, and direction of travel. **DO NOT HANG UP!** Follow the instructions of the Dispatcher.

The following is a list of persons at Whittier Law School to whom students and employees should report criminal offenses for the purposes of making timely warnings and annual statistical crime reporting.

Radha Pathak
Associate Dean for Students and Alumni Engagement-

714-444-4141, ext. 231
rpathak@law.whittier.edu

Jonathan Estrella
Director of Facilities Management-

714-444-4141, ext. 422
Cell: 714-308-4413

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jestrella@law.whittier.edu

Campus Safety Officer-

714-444-4141, ext. 401

Cell: 714-308-4423

security@law.whittier.edu

CONFIDENTIAL REPORTING

Crimes, suspicious behavior, or situations of concern can always be reported by any person to the Campus Safety Officer at (714) 308-4423 or in case of emergency 911. Persons reporting crimes can remain anonymous if they desire and all anonymous reports relating to criminal activity that appear to have been provided in “good faith” shall be forwarded to the Costa Mesa Police Department for evaluation. Occasionally, victims of a crime elect to or are unable to report a crime. However, the Law School encourages accurate and prompt reporting of all crimes to allow for timely follow up, the issuance of timely warnings, when warranted, and for potential future crime prevention.

Students and employees are encouraged to report any concerns and suspected criminal activity to Campus Safety and/or the Costa Mesa Police Department. Victims or bystanders of crimes who do not want to pursue action within the Law School system or the criminal justice system, may consider making a confidential report. The purpose of a confidential report is to comply with the person’s wish to keep the matter confidential, while taking steps to enhance the future safety of that person. With such information, the Law School can keep an accurate record of the number of incidents involving students and employees; determine where there is a pattern of crime with regard to a particular location, method, or assailant; and alert the campus to potential danger. Reports filed in this manner are counted and disclosed in the annual crime statistics for Whittier Law School. If a victim or bystander declines to have the details of the crime provided to the Whittier Law School Campus Safety only the type of crime, location and date occurred will be counted and disclosed in the annual crime statistics for Whittier Law School.

Counseling and Psychological Services are required by law and professional ethics to protect the confidentiality of all communications with clients. Except in a few circumstances detailed below, Client information and client records cannot be released to anyone outside of Counseling and Psychological Services without the client’s written permission. Legally mandated exceptions to confidentiality include:

- a) Where there is reasonable suspicion of abuse or neglect of children, dependent adults, or elderly persons;
- b) Where the client presents a serious danger of violence to another;
- c) Where the client is likely to harm him/herself unless protective measures are taken;
- d) Where a judge issues a court order to release information.

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TIMELY WARNINGS

Campus Timely Warning advisory to alert the campus community about any reported crime that represents a serious or continuing threat to the safety of students, faculty and staff will be designed to heighten safety awareness to the campus community and provided in a manner that will aid in the prevention of similar crimes. The circumstances of any specific situation coupled with the Law School's assessment of on-going or continuing threat to the Law School community, will dictate the need and manner of issuance of a Campus Timely Warning. Timely Warning Notices are typically issued for the following crime classifications: major incidents of arson, aggravated assault, and murder/non-negligent manslaughter, robbery, and sex offenses.

Timely Warning Notices may also be issued during severe weather or other potential natural hazards. Campus Timely Warning advisories will depend upon the circumstances of the event. Advisories will be distributed in a manner intended to reach the entire campus community.

Campus Timely Warning will be issued through the college e-mail system, digital signage system, and postings on campus bulletin boards and building entrances to warn students, faculty, and staff of the advisory.

Anyone with information warranting a timely warning should report the circumstances to the Director of Facilities Management 714-444-4141, extension 422, and the Campus Safety Officer 714-444-4141, extension 401 or Cell Phone 714-308-4423, or in person at the Facilities Management Office or Campus Safety Desk at the Law Library Foyer.

Preparation of the Annual Security Report

This report is part of an on-going effort to promote safety and security at Whittier Law School and to comply with the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act, also known as The Clery Act (<http://clerycenter.org/summary-jeanne-clery-act>). Under this Act, all Colleges and Universities across the country are required to publish this report by October 1 of each year. These reports must contain applicable policies and procedures regarding security and the statistical data from the previous calendar year and the 2 preceding calendar years. At Whittier Law School, the Annual Security Report is prepared by the Director of the Facilities Management Office in cooperation with key personnel from Student and Alumni Engagement, and information provided by local police agencies.

This Annual Security Report (ASR), which is compiled and published by the Facilities Management Office, defines types of crimes which may occur, suggests safety tips to help ensure one's safety and identifies related safety programs and resources in an effort to promote a safe and secure environment. This report is a collaborative and comprehensive effort that includes the cooperation of departments within the institution, and all employees designated as "Campus Security Authorities" under the Clery Act.

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The following are reportable crimes required by The Jeanne Clery Act:

- Criminal Homicide (Murder, Non-negligent Manslaughter, and Negligent Manslaughter)
- Sex Offences (Rape, Fondling, Incest, and Statutory Rape)
- Robbery
- Aggravated Assault
- Burglary
- Motor Vehicle Theft
- Arson
- Arrests and Disciplinary Actions (Liquor Law Violations, Drug Law Violations, and Illegal Weapons Possession)
- Hate Crime (Larceny-theft, Simple Assault, Intimidation, and Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of property)
- Dating Violence, Domestic Violence, and Stalking

All students and every paid part-time, full-time, and intermittent employee receives an annual notice and copy of the Annual Security Report in Law School-wide email that informs them of the Annual Security Report, a brief description of its contents, information regarding the availability of the report on the Internet, and the electronic address to access the report. A copy of this report is available electronically at <https://www.law.whittier.edu/index/facility-management/campus-safety/>

Hard copies are also available upon request at the Facilities Management Office, at 3333 Harbor Boulevard, Costa Mesa, CA 92626, or by calling (714)444-4141, extension 422 or 401.

CAMPUS ACCESS

Whittier Law School is a private campus with limited access by the public for the library use and special events. During Access hours, the Law School will be open to students, faculty and staff. Access to the parking lot and some building areas are by Identification Card access and/or key. All students, faculty, and staff must carry identification at all times when on campus, and must present such identification when requested by any Law School Authority, Campus Safety Officer, and/or Law Enforcement Authority.

All other guests, invitees, and contractors, are by limited access in most areas. All guests, invitees, and contractors must show identification to any Law School Authority, Campus Safety Officer, and/or Law Enforcement Authority, upon request. Failure by any individuals to produce identification may result in a request by authority to the individual, to vacate the premises.

CAMPUS SAFETY

The law school is committed to maintaining a safe working environment for students, staff, and

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faculty. The Security Officers are advised to report all lighting deficiencies on a daily basis during night and day patrols. Additionally, the Campus Safety Officers report to Facilities Management Staff any observed unsafe condition, damage to building or property, and any repairs needed.

The law school is inspected for health and safety reasons on a regular basis by the Facilities Management Staff. All employees are responsible for immediately reporting unsafe conditions to their supervisor and/or the Director of Facilities Management on the Whittier Law School Campus. Every effort will be made to remedy problems as quickly as possible.

In the event of an accident involving a personal injury, students, staff, and faculty must notify the Facilities Management Office and/or Campus Safety Officer immediately for assistance and reporting purposes. First Aid treatment for all minor injuries sustained at the law school may be obtained at the law school Facilities Management Office. Additionally, there is a first aid station located in each building. Injuries other than very minor ones should be cared for by an approved medical facility, staffed and equipped to handle such injuries. Medical treatment and transportation can be arranged through the Facilities Management Office or Campus Safety Officer. For serious injuries call “911” to be cared for by Emergency Medical Technician or Paramedic.

SECURITY ARRANGEMENTS

Whittier Law School has a patrolling security guard service on duty while the Campus is open for access, excepting holidays when the buildings are closed.

The Campus Safety Officers have the authority to identify any person on campus, and to issue parking citations. All persons on Campus must present identification when asked to present for identification purposes. Failure by any individuals to provide identification may result in a request by Security to the individual, to vacate the premises. The Campus Safety Officers do not have the authority to apprehend or arrest persons. In such cases the local law enforcement will be contacted and will take jurisdiction over the matter.

Minor offenses involving Law School rules or regulations committed by Law School students will be referred to the Associate Dean for Students and Alumni Engagement, and be adjudicated according to the procedures and processes of the Whittier Law School Policies Manual.

Major Offenses such as rape, murder, aggravated assault, robbery, and auto theft are reported to the local law enforcement authority. Minor offenses involving visitors to the Law School may also be reported to the local law enforcement authorities.

Students are encouraged to lock their vehicles, sign up for a locker, and invest in personal property insurance. While the Law School will make reasonable efforts to protect students’ property, it is not liable for loss, theft, or damage of any property belonging to students.

The Whittier Law School Incident Log is located at the Campus Safety desk located in the Law

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Library Foyer. The log maybe viewed upon request during campus hours.

Whittier Law School participates in the Business/Police Partnership Program which unites the business community and property owners with the Costa Mesa and Santa Ana Police Departments through an educational program maximizing law enforcement community oriented policing efforts.

CRIME AWARENESS PROGRAMS

At the beginning of the academic year, the “Emergency Contacts and Procedures Manual” is distributed by email to students, staff, and faculty. Additionally, information on how to handle different types of threat situations is provided throughout the academic year through email notices. Advisements on crime trends and immediate threats are provided to the Whittier Law School by the South Coast Metro Alliance Business/Police Partnership Program and the Law School Security Service provider and passed on to the Law School Community by email, postings, and digital signage system when necessary.

Whittier Law School does not currently have any Crime Awareness programs in place at this time.

OFF-CAMPUS ACTIVITIES

Whittier Law School does not currently have off-campus student organizations.

ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES

The possession, sale, or the furnishing of alcohol on the Law School campus is governed by the Whittier Law School Alcohol Policy and California State law. Laws regarding the possession, sale, consumption, or furnishing of alcohol is controlled by the California Department of Alcohol and Beverage Control (ABC). Such laws are strictly enforced by State and Local Authorities. Violators are subject to Law School disciplinary action, criminal prosecution, fine and imprisonment. It is unlawful to sell, furnish, or provide alcohol to a person under the age of 21. The possession of alcohol by any persons under the age of 21 years in a public place or a place open to the public is illegal. It is also a violation of the Whittier Law School Alcohol Policy for anyone to consume or possess alcohol in any public or private area of campus without prior Whittier Law School Administration approval. Organizations or groups in violation of alcoholic beverage policies or laws may be subject to sanction by the Whittier Law School Administration.

ILLEGAL DRUGS

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The Whittier Law School campus is a “Drug Free” campus. The possession, sale, manufacture, or distribution of any controlled substance is illegal under both Federal and State drug laws. Such laws are strictly enforced by the Whittier Law School Administration, Federal, State, and Local Law Enforcement Agencies. Violators are subject to Whittier Law School disciplinary action, criminal prosecution, fine, and imprisonment.

POLICY ON SUBSTANCE ABUSE

Personal counseling is available through the Associate Dean of Students and Alumni Engagement. Students are strongly encouraged to seek resource help for drug and alcohol abuse, either through the Office of the Assistant Dean or by calling the Orange County Alcohol and Drug Abuse Services numbers listed below:

Associate Dean Radha Pathak 714-444-4141 ext. 231

Orange County Health Care Agency Drug & Alcohol Services 714-480-6660

Policies on substance abuse can be found in the Whittier Law School Policy Manual under the “Drug Policy Sections 1 and 2.” (<https://www.law.whittier.edu/index/student-affairs/policy-manual/>)

SEXUAL OFFENSES & MISCONDUCT

The Whittier Law School notifies the Law School Community at the beginning of each semester through an informational email created and distributed by the Associate Dean of Students and Alumni Engagement. The email briefly discusses the law school policies on discrimination and sexual misconduct. It includes links to the Whittier College website that contains information and resources for [victim support](http://www.whittier.edu/studentlife/victimsupport) (<http://www.whittier.edu/studentlife/victimsupport>), [prevention/risk reduction](http://www.whittier.edu/studentlife/prevention/intervention) (<http://www.whittier.edu/studentlife/prevention/intervention>), [bystander intervention](http://www.whittier.edu/studentlife/prevention/intervention) (<http://www.whittier.edu/studentlife/prevention/intervention>), and [faculty/staff reporting](http://www.whittier.edu/studentlife/guidelines/sexualmisconductpolicy/information#overlay-context=studentlife/guidelines/sexualmisconductpolicy/offenses) (<http://www.whittier.edu/studentlife/guidelines/sexualmisconductpolicy/information#overlay-context=studentlife/guidelines/sexualmisconductpolicy/offenses>).

Under the regulations promulgated under Title IX of the Education Amendments Act of 1972, discrimination prohibited under that Act applies to, among other things, sexual misconduct which also includes sexual harassment. There are many types of sexual misconduct and sexual harassment, all of which constitute unacceptable behavior. For definitions of the type of behavior prohibited as well as grievance procedures and resources for counseling and other services, visit the Whittier College Sexual Misconduct Policy:

<http://www.whittier.edu/studentlife/guidelines/sexualmisconductpolicy>

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College Nondiscrimination Policy

http://www.whittier.edu/sites/default/files/media/campuslife/student_life_division/2015%20Whittier%20Non%20Discrimination%20Policy.pdf

Whittier Law School prohibits dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking.

Definitions:

Dating Violence- The controlling, abusive, and aggressive behavior in a romantic relationship. It can happen in straight or gay relationships. It can include verbal, emotional, physical, or sexual abuse, or a combination.

Domestic violence- A pattern of abusive behavior in any relationship that is used by one partner to gain or maintain power and control over another intimate partner. Domestic violence can be physical, sexual, emotional, economic, or psychological actions or threats of actions that influence another person. This includes any behaviors that intimidate, manipulate, humiliate, isolate, frighten, terrorize, coerce, threaten, blame, hurt, injure, or wound someone.

Sexual Assault- Sexual offenses defined as any sexual act against another person, forcibly or against that person's will, or not forcibly or against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent. These include forcible rape, forcible sodomy, forcible oral copulation, forcible penetration with an object, and forcible fondling. Sexual offenses also include acts of unlawful, non-forcible sexual intercourse such as incest and unlawful sex with a minor.

Stalking- Stalking is repeated or obsessive unwanted attention directed toward an individual or group that is likely to cause alarm, fear, or substantial emotional distress. Stalking may take many forms, including following, lying in wait, monitoring, and pursuing contact. Stalking may occur in person or through a medium of communication, such as letters, e-mail, text messages, or telephone calls. In some circumstances, two instances of such behavior may be sufficient to constitute stalking.

Sexual Consent- Sexual activity requires consent, which is defined as positive, unambiguous, and voluntary agreement to engage in specific sexual activity throughout a sexual encounter. Consent cannot be inferred from the absence of a "no"; a clear "yes," verbal or otherwise, is necessary. Consent to some sexual acts does not constitute consent to others, nor does past consent to a given act constitute present or future consent. Consent must be ongoing throughout a sexual encounter and can be revoked at any time.

Consent cannot be obtained by threat, coercion, or force. Agreement under such circumstances does not constitute consent.

REPORTING SEX OFFENSES AND SEXUAL MISCONDUCT

Students, who are victims or bystanders of a sexual offense, are encouraged to exercise their right to

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report/notify Whittier Law School Campus Safety Officer, Associate Dean of Students and Alumni Engagement, and Administrative staff. Students also have the option and are encouraged to notify the Costa Mesa Police Department and the option to be assisted by campus authorities in notifying these authorities.

Students who have been raped or sexually assaulted should try to preserve all physical evidence. They should not wash, use the toilet, or change clothing, if doing so can be avoided. If oral contact took place, one should not smoke, eat, drink, or brush one's teeth. If one changes clothes, all clothing worn at the time of the attack should be placed in a paper bag, not plastic. Medical attention should be sought as soon as possible to assess any physical injuries, prevent sexually transmitted diseases or pregnancy, and collect important evidence in the event legal action is taken.

By federal law, incidents of sexual assault that are known to any member of the staff or faculty of Whittier Law School must be reported to the Director of Facilities Management. This report is for statistical purposes and contains only the nature of the incident and the location. No names are involved, unless the victim chooses to make such a report.

Students who are victims of a sexual offense are further encouraged to seek appropriate medical attention and to get help and support such as counseling.

SOURCES FOR REPORTING AND ASSISTANCE:

- **Security Officer** 714 -308-4423
- **Costa Mesa Police Department** 714-754-5280 or 911
- Associate Dean for Students and Alumni Engagement 714-444-4141 ext. 231
- Cynthia Joseph, Director of Human Resources 562.907.4830,
Whittier College, Mendenhall, Lower Level cjoseph@whittier.edu
(*Title IX Coordinator and Complaints about Faculty, Staff and Administration, and Students.*)
- Whittier College & Law School Sexual Misconduct Reporting form:
https://cm.maxient.com/reportingform.php?WhittierCollege&layout_id=1
- Director of Facilities Management 714-444-4141 ext. 422
Cell: 714-308-4413
- CSP, Sexual Assault Victim Services (24 hours) 714-957-273

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CONFIDENTIALITY, PRIVACY, AND REPORTING

College and Law School officials, depending on their roles at Whittier College and Law School, have varying reporting responsibilities and abilities to maintain confidentiality. In order to make informed choices, one should be aware of confidentiality and mandatory reporting requirements when consulting campus resources. On campus, some resources may maintain confidentiality, offering options and advice without any obligation to inform outside agency or individual unless you have requested that information be shared. Other resources exist for you to report crimes and Policy violations and these resources will take action when victimization is reported to them.

Making a report means telling someone in authority what happened. At the time a report is made, the alleged victim does not have to decide whether or not to pursue a particular course of action. Choosing to make a report and deciding how to proceed can be a process that unfolds over time. The College and Law School provides support that can assist each individual in making these important decisions and to the extent legally possible will respect the individual's autonomy in deciding how to proceed. **If you are unsure of someone's duty and ability to maintain privacy, ask them before talking to them.** They will be able to explain and help a reporting party make decisions about who is in the best position to help.

Law School Disciplinary Procedures

Allegations of sexual offenses by students will be adjudicated through the Law School Dean's Appointees following the procedures outlined in Whittier Law School Code of Student Conduct section of the policy manual. Violators are subject to sanctions outlined in this manual, up to and including suspension and expulsion from the Law School.

Allegations of sexual offenses by faculty members will be adjudicated through the Dean of the Law School. Allegations of sexual offenses by staff members will be adjudicated through the Director of Human Resources following the Whittier College Employee Handbook. Allegations made against faculty members or staff members are subject to the applicable provisions and procedures of their contracts, which include, but may not be limited to, provisions related to disciplinary and discharge actions.

In any disciplinary action, the accuser and the accused are entitled to the same opportunities to have others present during the proceedings. Both the accuser and the accused shall be informed of the outcome of any formal proceedings. If the person claiming to have been offended requests a change in academic or work arrangements as a result of the alleged offense, reasonable efforts will be made to accommodate such requests.

Sanctions

A violation of the Code may result in one or more of the following disciplinary actions:

- a. Written Warning**

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Written warning to the student, that continuation or repetition of specified conduct may be cause for disciplinary action.

b. Censure

Written reprimand for violation of a specified section of the Code, including notice that conviction for violation of the Code within a specified period of time stated in the reprimand will lead to other more severe sanctions.

c. Restitution

Reimbursement for damage to or misappropriation of property may take the form of money payment or appropriate service to repair or otherwise compensate for damages.

d. Academic Penalty

In the imposition of academic sanctions, the Hearing Board may take into account the possible effect the sanctions may have on the student's future admissibility to the bar.

These sanctions may include:

- i. Permanent expulsion from the Law School;
- ii. suspension from the Law School for one or more semesters; or
- iii. grade penalty.

e. In the Event of an expulsion or suspension

The school shall retain only that portion of the total tuition to which the student would have been entitled under the refund policy of the law school had he/she withdrawn from classes as of the date of the notice of suspension and expulsion.

f. Notification of Sanction Imposed

The Chair shall inform the person charged with the violation of the Hearing Board's decision within three academic days (days when classes or examinations are in session) after the hearing.

SEX OFFENDER INFORMATION

The Office of The Attorney General for the State of California maintains a website with the California State Sex Offender Registry. This registry is available at www.meganslaw.ca.gov. Registered sex offenders who are employed, carry on a vocation, or are students at Whittier Law School are required under the Campus Sex Crimes Prevention Act of 2000, as amended, to notify the Law School that they are registered sex offenders. In the State of California, convicted sex offenders are required to register with the police department of the city in which he/she lives.

POLICY ON FIREARMS, WEAPONS, AND EXPLOSIVES

It is Whittier Law School policy and California Law that any and all firearms are strictly prohibited on Law School property. Also prohibited is any ammunition in the presence of a firearm or without the presence of a firearm. Under California Penal Code, section 626.9, any person who brings or possesses a firearm upon the grounds of, or within 1000 feet, of any public or private school is guilty of a felony which is punishable by imprisonment. The only persons excepted from the policy are city, state, and federal peace officers and licensed armored vehicle guards.

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In addition, Whittier Law School policy prohibits any and all types of destructive/explosives devices of all classes [see California Health and Safety Code sections 12000-12007] on Law School property. “Explosives” includes, but is not limited to, any explosives as defined in Section 841 of Title 18 of the United States Code. “Destructive device” means, but not limited to, any projectile containing any explosive or incendiary material or any chemical substance, bomb, facsimile bomb, grenade, explosive missile or similar device or any launching device. “Explosive devices” means, but is not limited to, any substance, or combination of substances, the primary common purpose of which is detonation or rapid combustion. Prohibited materials include, but are not limited to: dynamite, nitroglycerine, black powder, propellant explosives, detonation primers, blasting caps, commercial boosters, snappers, poppers, firecrackers and fireworks. Violations of this policy are punishable by fines and/or imprisonment.

It is also a violation of Whittier Law School policy and California Law for any person, except as defined under California Penal Code section 626.10, to bring or possess any dirk, dagger, ice pick, or knife having a fixed blade longer than two and one half (2-1/2) inches on any Law School property. In addition, no person shall display, fire, discharge, shoot or operate, or assist or participate in the displaying, firing, discharging, shooting, or operating of any air gun, gas-operated gun, spring gun, sling, slingshot, bow and arrow, paint pellet gun, laser gun, or other device designed or intended to discharge, or capable of discharging any missile or light ray on Law School property [see California Penal Code sections 244-245]. Violations of this policy are punishable by fines and/or imprisonment.

Violation of Federal Law, California Law, and Whittier Law School policy on firearms, weapons, and explosives are adjudicated by city, state, and federal authority. Any violation that might be deemed an infraction of the Law School policy will be adjudicated through the Law School Dean’s Appointees following the procedures outlined in the Whittier Law School Code of Student Conduct. Violations are subject to sanctions outlined in the Student Conduct Code, up to and including suspension and expulsion from the Law School.

EMERGENCY RESPONSE AND EVACUATION PROCEDURES

Upon confirmation of a significant emergency or dangerous condition involving an immediate threat to the health or safety of students or employees occurring on or near the campus, the Whittier Law School will initiate procedures to implement all or portions of the Timely Warning process. Confirmation of the threat is made by a dispatched Campus Safety Officer or by information received from local police/fire authorities. This information is in turn given to the Director of Facilities Management. If it is determined that notifications are to be made, the Director, Campus Safety Site Supervisor, or their designee shall initiate the notification of the entire Campus Community.

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The content of the notification will be dependent on the nature of the event or threat, and be decided by the Director, Campus Safety Site Supervisor, or designee. Considerations on certain events will be under advisements and recommendations of local law and/or fire authority.

Campus Timely Warning will be issued through the college e-mail system, digital signage system, and postings on campus bulletin boards and building entrances to warn students, faculty, and staff of the advisory.

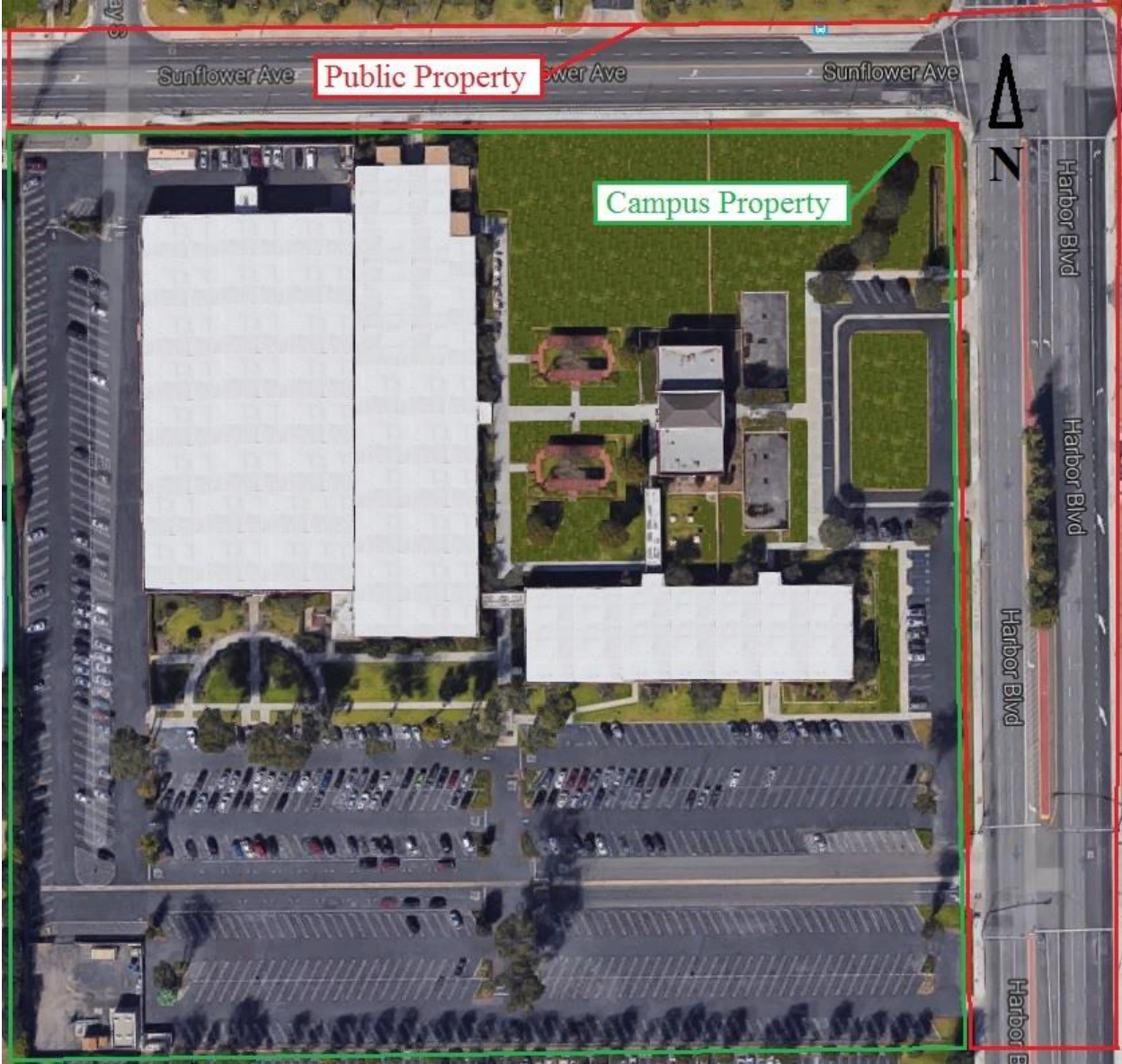
Building Evacuation Procedures

The Emergency Response and Evacuation Procedures can be found for faculty, staff, and students at the following link, <https://www.law.whittier.edu/index/facility-management/campus-safety/> . At the beginning of each academic year, faculty, staff, and students will receive an email with information and links of the evacuation procedures and other emergency response information.

The Law School Facility Management Office will conduct an annual test of the emergency response and evacuation procedures. The test may be announced or unannounced prior to the day of the test. The evaluation of the test will be posted on the Campus Safety page of the Whittier Law School website.

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CAMPUS MAP



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CAMPUS CRIMES STATISTICS

Whittier Law School
3333 Harbor Boulevard
Costa Mesa, CA 92626

OFFENSES

| CATEGORY | LOCATION | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 |
|---|--|------|------|------|
| CRIMINAL HOMICIDE: Murder and ○ Non-Negligent Manslaughter | ▪ On-Campus Property | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | ▪ On-Campus Student Housing Facilities | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | ▪ Non-Campus Property | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | ▪ On Public Property | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | ○ Negligent Manslaughter | | | |
| | ▪ On-Campus Property | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | ▪ On-Campus Student Housing Facilities | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | ▪ Non-Campus Property | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| ▪ On Public Property | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| SEX OFFENSES: ○ Rape | ▪ On-Campus Property | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | ▪ On-Campus Student Housing Facilities | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | ▪ Non-Campus Property | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | ▪ On Public Property | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | ○ Fondling | | | |
| | ▪ On-Campus Property | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | ▪ On-Campus Student Housing Facilities | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | ▪ Non-Campus Property | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| ▪ On Public Property | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| ○ Incest | ▪ On-Campus Property | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | ▪ On-Campus Student Housing Facilities | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | ▪ Non-Campus Property | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | ▪ On Public Property | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| ○ Statutory rape | ▪ On-Campus Property | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | ▪ On-Campus Student Housing Facilities | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | ▪ Non-Campus Property | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | ▪ On Public Property | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| ROBBERY | ▪ On-Campus Property | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | ▪ On-Campus Student Housing Facilities | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | ▪ Non-Campus Property | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | ▪ On Public Property | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| AGGRAVATED ASSAULT | ▪ On-Campus Property | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | ▪ On-Campus Student Housing Facilities | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | ▪ Non-Campus Property | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | ▪ On Public Property | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| BURGLARY | ▪ On-Campus Property | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | ▪ On-Campus Student Housing Facilities | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | ▪ Non-Campus Property | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | ▪ On Public Property | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT | ▪ On-Campus Property | 0 | 0 | 0 |

ANNUAL CAMPUS SAFETY AND SECURITY REPORT 2016

| CATEGORY | LOCATION | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 |
|---|--|------|------|------|
| | ▪ On-Campus Student Housing Facilities | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | ▪ Non-Campus Property | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | ▪ On Public Property | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| ARSON | | | | |
| | ▪ On-Campus Property | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | ▪ On-Campus Student Housing Facilities | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | ▪ Non-Campus Property | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| ARREST FOR: ○ Liquor law violations | | | | |
| | ▪ On-Campus Property | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | ▪ On-Campus Student Housing Facilities | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | ▪ Non-Campus Property | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| ○ Drug law violations | | | | |
| | ▪ On-Campus Property | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | ▪ On-Campus Student Housing Facilities | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | ▪ Non-Campus Property | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| ○ Illegal weapons possession | | | | |
| | ▪ On-Campus Property | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | ▪ On-Campus Student Housing Facilities | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | ▪ Non-Campus Property | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| DISCIPLINARY REFERRALS: ○ Liquor law violations | | | | |
| | ▪ On-Campus Property | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | ▪ On-Campus Student Housing Facilities | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | ▪ Non-Campus Property | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| ○ Drug-related violations | | | | |
| | ▪ On-Campus Property | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | ▪ On-Campus Student Housing Facilities | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | ▪ Non-Campus Property | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| ○ Weapons possession | | | | |
| | ▪ On-Campus Property | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | ▪ On-Campus Student Housing Facilities | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | ▪ Non-Campus Property | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | | | | |
| | ▪ On Public Property | 0 | 0 | 0 |

ANNUAL CAMPUS SAFETY AND SECURITY REPORT 2016

HATE CRIMES 2013

| Location | Race | Gender | Religion | Sexual Orientation | Ethnicity | Disabilities |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------------|-------------|--------------|
| | OC RF NC PP | OC RF NC PP | OC RF NC PP | OC RF NC PP | OC RF NC PP | OC RF NC PP |
| Criminal Homicide: Murder & Non-Negligent Manslaughter | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 |
| Negligent Manslaughter | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 |
| Rape | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 |
| Fondling | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 |
| Incest | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 |
| Statutory Rape | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 |
| Robbery | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 |
| Aggravated Assault | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 |
| Burglary | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 |
| Arson | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 |
| Motor Vehicle Theft | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 |
| Larceny-theft | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 |
| Simple Assault | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 |
| Intimidation | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 |
| Destruction/damage/vandalism of property | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 |

Key to Location: **OC**= On Campus. **RF**= Residence Facilities. **NC**= Non Campus. **PP**= Public Property.

ANNUAL CAMPUS SAFETY AND SECURITY REPORT 2016

HATE CRIMES 2014

| | Race | Gender | Religion | Sexual Orientation | Ethnicity | Disabilities |
|--|-------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| Location | OC RF NC PP | OC RF NC PP | OC RF NC PP | OC RF NC PP | OC RF NC PP | OC RF NC PP |
| Criminal Homicide: Murder & Non-Negligent Manslaughter | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 |
| Negligent Manslaughter | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 |
| Rape | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 |
| Fondling | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 |
| Incest | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 |
| Statutory Rape | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 |
| Robbery | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 |
| Aggravated Assault | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 |
| Burglary | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 |
| Arson | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 |
| Motor Vehicle Theft | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 |
| Larceny-theft | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 |
| Simple Assault | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 |
| Intimidation | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 |
| Destruction/damage/vandalism of property | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 |

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ANNUAL CAMPUS SAFETY AND SECURITY REPORT 2016

HATE CRIMES 2015

| Location | Race | Gender | Religion | Sexual Orientation | Ethnicity | Disabilities |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------------|-------------|--------------|
| | OC RF NC PP | OC RF NC PP | OC RF NC PP | OC RF NC PP | OC RF NC PP | OC RF NC PP |
| Criminal Homicide: Murder & Non-Negligent Manslaughter | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 |
| Negligent Manslaughter | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 |
| Rape | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 |
| Fondling | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 |
| Incest | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 |
| Statutory Rape | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 |
| Robbery | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 |
| Aggravated Assault | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 |
| Burglary | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 |
| Arson | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 |
| Motor Vehicle Theft | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 |
| Larceny-theft | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 |
| Simple Assault | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 |
| Intimidation | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 |
| Destruction/damage/vandalism of property | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 |

Key to Location: **OC**= On Campus. **RF**= Residence Facilities. **NC**= Non Campus. **PP**= Public Property.

Dating Violence, Domestic Violence, and Stalking

| CATEGORY | LOCATION | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|------|------|------|
| DATING VIOLENCE | On-Campus Property | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | On-Campus Student Housing Facilities | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Non-Campus Property | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | On Public Property | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| DOMESTIC VIOLENCE | On-Campus Property | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | On-Campus Student Housing Facilities | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Non-Campus Property | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | On Public Property | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| STALKING | On-Campus Property | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | On-Campus Student Housing Facilities | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Non-Campus Property | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | On Public Property | 0 | 0 | 0 |